

# Caring for your Cat or Kitten

Taking care of a cat or kitten is a big job! Find out what supplies you will need and what responsibilities you will have to take care of your new best friend.

# **Supplies Needed**

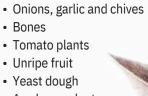
- Balanced, brand name food. Not generic! Make sure it's for the right age. Dr y food is better for your pet 's teeth. Canned food is more similar to a natural diet for cats, so some of both is probably best.
- Food and water bowls. Ceramic and metal are best. Some pets are sensitive to plastic.
- Cat toys make sure there aren't any small parts or string that can fall off and be swallowed
- A cat brush
- Cat toothpaste and toothbrush
- "Breakaway" collar and ID tag
- Microchip both indoor and outdoor cats
- · Scratching post or scratching pad
- Litter box one per cat, plus one extra
- Litter scoopable litter is best. Don't use dusty or per fumed litter.
- Cat carrier
- Cat nail clippers
- Optional: Cat condo, cat leash and harness, cat bed, cat "plants"

# **Feeding Your Cat/Kitten**

- Kittens (under 6 months): 3-4 times a day
- Over 6 months: Feed twice a day (amount depends on food type and how active your cat is)
- Training your cat to eat twice a day: When your kitten turns 6 months old, offer food to him/her twice a day only. Leave the food out for ½ hour only. Your cat will quick ly learn to eat all of his/her food during the half hour.
- Avoid giving your pet too many treats since cats can become over weight as they age

# **Dangers!** Never Feed Your Cat/Kitten:

- · Alcoholic drinks
- Chocolate
- Coffee
- Grapes and raisins
- · Moldy or spoiled food







## Chores

# Daily

- Clean litter box, feed (see above)
- · Clean water/food bowls
- Change water
- Play with your cat
- Walk (optional)

#### Weekly

- Thoroughly clean the litter box using a mild soap and replace litter
- · Brush teeth once

### **Two Times a Week**

• Brush hair (gently)

#### Monthly

• Check to see if nails need to be trimmed

• Have your parent or guardian take your cat to veterinarian for a check-up

# **Training**

You can train your cat to walk on leash by using a leash or harness made for cats, by starting in a fenced-in yard and

rewarding them for good behavior with treats. You can also train your cat to use a scratching post by placing catnip around the base of the post and rewarding your pet

# **Brushing Your Cat's Teeth**

t is not easy, but cats are healthier if your brush their teeth. Use cat toothpaste and brush. Start when they are k ittens, so they get used to it.

# **Spaying and Neutering**

• Female cats should be spayed and male cats neutered by six months old. This reduces bad behavior and some diseases later in life.

# **Finding the Right Veterinarian**

- When you get your pet, have your parent or guardian take it to a veterinarian for a check-up
- Your pet should see a veterinarian at least once a year and when you think it might be sick

Information on taking caring of your cat or kitten provided by Link Welborn, DVM DABVP, of Temple Terrace Animal & Bird Hospital in Tampa, Florida.

